

The Gazette of India



PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

No. 2] NEW DELHI, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1958/PHALGUNA 3, 1879

NOTICE

The undermentioned Gazettes of India Extraordinary were published upto the 8th February 1958 :—

Issue No.	No. and date	Issued by	Subject
54	S.R.O. 500, dated the 6th February 1958.	Ministry of Food and Agriculture.	The Rice and Paddy (West Bengal) Second Price Control Order, 1958.
55	S.R.O. 501, dated the 7th February 1958.	Ministry of Finance.	Amendment made in the notification No. 148—Customs, dated the 8th December, 1956.
56	S.R.O. 502, dated the 7th February 1958.	Ditto.	A drawback allowed in respect of duty-paid imported materials used in the manufacture of R. S. Pilfer-proof Closures.
	S.R.O. 503, dated the 7th February 1958.	Ditto.	The Customs Duties Drawback (R. S. Pilfer-proof Closures) Rules, 1958.
	S.R.O. 504, dated the 7th February 1958.	Ditto.	A drawback allowed in respect of duty-paid imported materials used in the manufacture of tissue paper.
	S.R.O. 505, dated the 7th February 1958.	Ditto.	The Customs Duties Drawback (Tissue Paper) Rules, 1958.
	S.R.O. 506, dated the 7th February 1958.	Ditto.	A drawback allowed in respect of duty-paid imported materials used in the manufacture of spectacle frames.
	S.R.O. 507, dated the 7th February 1958.	Ditto.	The Customs Duties Drawback (Spectacle Frames) Rules, 1958.
	S.R.O. 508, dated the 7th February 1958.	Ditto.	A drawback allowed in respect of duty-paid imported materials used in the manufacture of sewing machines.

Issue No.	No. and date	Issued by	Subject
	S.R.O. 509, dated the 7th February 1958.	Ministry of Finance.	The Customs Duties -Drawback (Sewing Machines) Rules, 1958.
	S.R.O. 510, dated the 7th February 1958.	Ditto.	A drawback allowed in respect of duty-paid imported materials used in the manufacture of playing cards.
	S.R.O. 511, dated the 7th February 1958.	Ditto.	The Customs Duties Drawback (Playing Cards) Rules, 1958.
	S.R.O. 512, dated the 7th February 1958.	Ditto.	Amendment made in the Customs Duties Drawback (Glass and Glassware) Rules, 1957.
	S.R.O. 513, dated the 7th February 1958.	Ditto.	A drawback allowed in respect of duty-paid imported materials used in the manufacture of dry batteries and cells.
	S.R.O. 514, dated the 7th February 1958.	Ditto.	The Customs Duties Drawback (Dry Batteries and Cells) Rules, 1958.
	S.R.O. 515, dated the 7th February 1958.	Ditto.	Draft of the Customs and Excise Duties Drawback (Crown Cork) Rules, 1958.
56-A	S.R.O. 515-A, dated the 7th February 1958.	Ministry of Steel, Mines and Fuel.	Delegation of powers to the Chief Commissioner of the Union Territory of Tripura in relation to petroleum products.
57	S.R.O. 516, dated the 8th February 1958.	Ministry of Railways.	Report by the Commission of Inquiry on the causes of accident to Down Bombay-Calcutta Mail on 23rd November 1957.
58	S.R.O. 517, dated the 8th February 1958.	Ministry of Finance.	Amendments made in the Customs Duties Draw back (Carbon Paper) Rules, 1957.
59	S.R.O. 518, dated the 8th February 1958.	Ministry of Information and Broadcasting.	Certification of films to be of the description specified therein.

Copies of the Gazette Extraordinary mentioned above will be supplied on indent to the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi. Indents should be submitted so as to reach the Manager within ten days of the date of issue of these Gazettes.

PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (1)

General Statutory Rules (including orders, bye-laws etc. of a general character) issued by the Ministries of the Government of India (other than the Ministry of Defence) and by Central Authorities (other than the Administrations of Union Territories).

MINISTRY OF LAW

New Delhi, the 13th February 1958

G.S.R. 27.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Maintenance Orders Enforcement Act, 1921 (18 of 1921), and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the late Home Department No. F.711/28, dated 24th November, 1928, the Central Government hereby declares that the said Act applies in respect of the Australian Capital Territory.

[No. F.43(3)/58-J.]

G.S.R. 28.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Maintenance Orders Enforcement Act, 1921 (18 of 1921), the Central Government hereby declares that the said Act applies in respect of the Northern Territory of Australia.

[No. F.43(3)/58-J.]

G.S.R. 29.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Maintenance Orders Enforcement Act, 1921 (18 of 1921), the Central Government hereby declares that the said Act applies in respect of the Territory of Cocos (Keeling) Islands.

[No. F.45(1)/58-J.]

K. V. K. SUNDARAM, Secy.

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

New Delhi, the 11th February 1958

G.S.R. 30.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the All India Services Act, 1951 (61 of 1951), the Central Government after consultation with the Governments of the States concerned, hereby makes the following further amendments in the All India Services (Provident Fund) Rules, 1955, namely:—

In the said rules:—

(i) rule 12 shall be renumbered as sub-rule (1) thereof, and after sub-rule (1) as so renumbered, the following sub-rule shall be added, namely:—

“(2) The actual withdrawal from the Fund shall be allowed only on receipt from the Account Officer of an authorisation, which shall be arranged by him, as soon as the sanction of the Government has been issued”

(ii) in rules 13, 14, 14-A, 14-B, 16 and 16 for the word and figures “rule 12”, wherever they occur, the words, figures and brackets “sub-rule (1) of rule 12”, shall be substituted.

(iii) in rule 14-A and rule 14-B—

(a) after sub-rule (2), the following sub-rule shall be inserted, namely:—

“(2-A) A subscriber, who has already drawn or may draw in future a refundable advance under rule 10, may convert, at his discretion by written request addressed to the Account Officer through the Government, the balance outstanding against it into a final withdrawal on his satisfying the conditions laid down in this rule”.

(b) to sub-rule (4) the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

“Provided that a subscriber, whose deposits in the Fund carry no interest, shall not be liable to pay any interest on any sum repayable by him”.

[No. 13/62/57-AIS(III).]

S. P. MUKERJEE, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 13th February 1958

G.S.R. 31.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the All India Services Act, 1951 (61 of 1951), the Central Government, after consultation with the Governments of the States concerned, hereby makes the following amendments in the All India Services (Provident Fund) Rules, 1955.

Amendments

In the said Rules,

(1) in rule 12, at the end of clause (a), the following shall be inserted, namely:—

“or reconstructing, or making additions or alterations to, a house already owned or acquired by a subscriber without any withdrawal from the Fund, or without any loan from the Consolidated Fund of India or the Consolidated Fund of a State.”;

(2) in rule 13,

(a) for the marginal note, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“Maximum amount of withdrawal for building, acquiring, reconstructing, or making additions or alterations to, house.”;

(b) for clause (b) of sub-rule (1), the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“(b) in the case of building or acquiring a suitable house for his residence, the actual cost of the house including the cost of the site or the amount required for repayment of the loan taken for this purpose and in the case of reconstructing, or making additions or alterations to, a house already owned or acquired by him, ten thousand rupees.”;

(c) in sub-rule (2), for the words “the construction of”, the words “constructing, reconstructing, or making additions or alterations to,” shall be substituted;

(3) in rule 15,

(a) for the marginal note, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“Condition for withdrawal for building, acquiring, reconstructing, or making additions or alterations to, house.”;

(b) in sub-rule (1),

(i) in clause (a), for the word “that” occurring in the opening portion, the words “that, except in the case of withdrawal for reconstructing, or making additions or alterations to, a house under clause (a) of rule 12,” shall be substituted;

(ii) the following shall be inserted as clause (g), namely:—

“(g) that in the case of withdrawal for reconstruction of, or making additions or alterations to, a house under clause (a) of rule 12, the work shall commence within six months from the date of such withdrawal and shall be completed within a period of one year from such commencement.”

2. The amendments hereby made shall be deemed to have come into force on the 23rd March, 1957.

[No. 13/12/57-AIS(III).]

S. P. MUKERJEE, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

(Department of Revenue)

CENTRAL EXCISES

New Delhi, the 22nd February 1958

G.S.R. 32.—In pursuance of rule 12 of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendments in the notifications of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue),

No. 10—Central Excises, dated the 5th April, 1949 and No. 45—Central Excises, dated the 1st November, 1954, namely:—

After clause (viii) of the proviso, the following clause shall be added, namely:—

“(x) If exported by river, the export shall take place in boats of such burden as the Collector may prescribe in respect of any specified country”.

[No.18/58.]

G.S.R. 33.—In pursuance of rule 12 of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendments in the notifications of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue), Nos. 45, 46 and 47 Central Excises, dated the 1st November, 1954, namely:—

For the words “French Establishments” the words “State of Pondicherry” shall be substituted.

[No. 19/58.]

S. K. BHATTACHARJEE, Dy. Secy.

(Department of Revenue)

CENTRAL EXCISE

New Delhi, the 22nd February 1958

G.S.R. 34.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 37 of the Central Excise and Salt Act, 1944 (I of 1944), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendments to the Central Excise Rules, 1944, namely:—

In Appendix I to the said rules—

- (1) Under the heading “(i) List of Central Excise Forms”, in the entries in the second column against Central Excise Series Nos. 7 and 15, for the words “unmanufactured products”, the words “excisable goods” shall be substituted;
- (2) Under the heading “(ii) Specimen Forms”,—
 - (a) In Form A.L-5 (Central Excise Series No. 7), for the words “products liable to a central duty of excise” occurring in the heading, the words “excisable goods” shall be substituted;
 - (b) In Form L-5 (Central Excise Series No. 15), for the words “excisable products”, occurring in paragraph 1, the words “excisable goods” shall be substituted.

[No. 20/58.]

L. S. MARTHANDAM, Under Secy.

(Department of Revenue)

CUSTOMS

New Delhi, the 22nd February 1958

G.S.R. 35.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby exempts raw materials and component parts other than glass bulbs, required for the manufacture of electric lamps other than Neon Sings, such as are mentioned in the Schedule hereto annexed, imported into India or the State of Pondicherry, from the whole of the duty of customs leviable thereon under the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934):

Provided that in respect of any consignment of such raw materials and component parts imported under cover of a claim for exemption from duty in pursuance of the provisions hereof, the importer shall produce such proof in support of the claim as may be demanded by the Customs-Collector.

SCHEDULE

- (i) (a) Getter.
- (b) Getter ingredients, namely, such ingredients only as are imported together in a single consignment.
- (ii) Lamp caps, other than normal bayonet caps B-22/25×26 specified in the Indian Standards Institution Specification No. 418-1953.
- (iii) Filament wires.
- (iv) Leading-in-wires.
- (v) Unmounted feet and 'E' wires.
- (vi) Molybdenum wires and rods.
- (vii) Glass/Quartz tubings, rods and strips.
- (viii) Mandrel wires made of steel or any other suitable material.
- (ix) Forming gas.
- (x) Nitrogen gas.
- (xi) Rare gases like Argon, Neon and Krypton.
- (xii) (a) Bakelite capping or basing cement.
- (b) Bakelite capping or basing cement ingredients, namely, such ingredients only as are imported together in a single consignment.
- (xiii) Stamping paste and acid.
- (xiv) Cap marking ink.
- (xv) Phosphorus Pentoxide.
- (xvi) Red Phosphorus.
- (xvii) Calcium Fluoride.
- (xviii) Hydrofluoric acid.

[No. 58.]

G.S.R. 36.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby rescinds the notification of the Government of India in the late Finance Department (Central Revenues) No. 1- Customs, dated the 9th March, 1946.

[No. 59.]

G.S.R. 37.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby exempts asbestos, raw, including fibre, imported into India or the State of Pondicherry, from the whole of the duty of customs leviable thereon under the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934).

[No. 60.]

G.S.R. 38.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby exempts Manila hemp, raw, falling under item 46(4) (a) of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934), imported into India or the State of Pondicherry from the whole of the duty of customs leviable thereon under the second mentioned Act.

[No. 61.]

G.S.R. 39.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby exempts fittings for umbrellas, parasols and sunshades, namely such fittings as are specified in the schedule hereto annexed, and falling under item 56 of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934), when imported into India or the State of Pondicherry, from so much of the duty of customs leviable thereon as is in excess of 30 per cent *ad valorem*.

SCHEDULE

- (a) Umbrella ribs,
- (b) Metallic Tubes for umbrella sticks,
- (c) Metallic handles,
- (d) Runners,
- (e) Spring cups,
- (f) Godet cups,
- (g) Box cups,
- (h) Ferules,
- (i) Caps,
- (j) Notches,
- (k) Label rings,
- (l) Sandows.

[No. 62.]

G.S.R. 40.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby exempts wood in uniformly shaped cut pieces with round or square cross sections, imported into India or the State of Pondicherry, for the manufacture of shuttles and bobbins, from the whole of the duty of customs leviable thereon under the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934).

[No. 63.]

G.S.R. 41.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendments in the notification of the Government of India in the late Finance Department (Central Revenues) No. 33-Customs, dated the 22nd June, 1935, namely:—

In the said notification, in Schedule I—Import Duties,

- (1) under the head A-General, serial number 28-B and the entries relating thereto shall be omitted;
- (2) under the head B-Government Departments, serial number 31-A and the entries relating thereto shall be omitted;
- (3) under the head C-Other Special consignees, serial numbers 41 and 42 and the entries relating thereto shall be omitted;
- (4) under the head E-Containers, serial number 63-A and the entries relating thereto shall be omitted; and
- (5) under the head H—Miscellaneous, serial number 82 and the entries relating thereto shall be omitted.

[No. 64.]

G.S.R. 42.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby exempts archaeological specimens, photographs, plaster casts, or antiquities intended for exhibition for the public benefit in a museum managed by the Archaeological Survey of India or by a State Government and imported into India or the State of Pondicherry under cover of a certificate issued by the Director General of Archaeology in India or the State Government authorities concerned, as the case may be, that they are such articles and intended for such exhibition, from the whole of the duty of customs leviable thereon.

[No. 65.]

G.S.R. 43.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby exempts arms forming part of military equipment of officers and non-commissioned officers of foreign armies detailed for training at Army Schools of Instruction in India, when imported into India or the State of Pondicherry by such officers, from the whole of the duty of customs leviable thereon.

[No. 66.]

G.S.R. 44.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby exempts medals and decorations (including medal ribbons) when imported into India or the State of Pondicherry direct by the Government of India in the Ministry of Defence, from the whole of the duty of customs leviable thereon.

[No. 67.]

G.S.R. 45.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby exempts articles of foreign origin imported into India or the State of Pondicherry for repairs from Burma, from the whole of the customs duty leviable thereon, provided that the importer executes a bond undertaking:—

- (1) to re-export the goods after repairs within three months of the date of importation or within such extended time as the Customs Collector may allow;
- (2) to produce the goods for identification before re-export; and
- (3) to pay the duty if the re-export does not take place within the stipulated period.

[No. 68.]

G.S.R. 46.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue), No. 84-Customs, dated the 16th May 1957, the Central Government hereby exempts each of the articles specified in column (3) of the Schedule hereto annexed, when imported into India or the State of Pondicherry, from so much of the customs duty leviable thereon under the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934), as is in excess of—

- (i) the rate specified in the corresponding entry in column (4) of the said Schedule, where the standard rate of duty is leviable; and
- (ii) the rate specified in the corresponding entry in column (5) of the said Schedule, where the preferential rate of duty is leviable.

SCHEDULE

Serial No.	Relative item No. in the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934.	Name of Article	Standard rate of duty	Preferential rate of duty
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1.	28	Para-Acetylemino-benzene-sulphonyl-chloride.	30% ad valorem	20% ad valorem
2.	28	2-Amino-thiazole	30% ad valorem	20% ad valorem
3.	28	2-Amino-pyrimidine	30% ad valorem	20% ad valorem
4.	28	2-Amino-pyridine	30% ad valorem	20% ad valorem
5.	28	Acetyl acetone	30% ad valorem	20% ad valorem

[No. 69.]

M. A. RANGASWAMY, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRY

New Delhi, the 12th February 1958

G.S.R. 47.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 26 of the Coir-Industry Act, 1953 (45 of 1953), the Central Government hereby makes the following rules, the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (1) of that section, namely:—

RULES

1. Short title and Commencement.—(1) These rules may be called the Coir-Industry (Registration and Licensing) Rules, 1958.

(2) Rules 1, 2, 4 to 16 and 18 to 31 shall come into force at once and rules 3 and 17 shall come into force three months thereafter.

2. Definitions.—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires—

- (a) "Act" means the Coir Industry Act, 1953;
- (b) "Chairman" means the Chairman of the Board;
- (c) "Coir spindle" means a mechanical contrivance used or intended to be used for spinning coir fibre into coir yarn;
- (d) "Customs Collector" means a Customs Collector as defined in clause (c) of section 3 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), for the purposes of that Act or of that Act as applied to the import and export of goods by air or a Collector of Land Customs as defined in clause (c) of section 2 of the Land Customs Act, 1924 (19 of 1924);
- (e) "Form" means a Form set forth in the Schedule to these rules;
- (f) "industrial establishment" means any premises including any part thereof where rehanking of coir yarn is done with hired labour or any process for the manufacture or finishing of coir products or baling of coir fibre or coir yarn is being carried on or is ordinarily carried on, with or without the aid of power;
- (g) "notification" means notification in the Gazette of India;
- (h) "officer" means an officer of the Board or of the Central Government;
- (i) "person" includes a corporation, a firm, an association of individuals and a cooperative society registered under any law relating to cooperative societies;
- (j) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Board;
- (k) "year" means the year commencing on the 1st day of April.

3. Need for Registration.—No person shall work a coir spindle or an industrial establishment unless it has been registered in accordance with these rules.

4. Application for registration.—Every application for registration of a coir spindle or an industrial establishment shall be made to the Secretary or other officer authorised by him, in Form I or Form II, as the case may be, within ninety days of the date of publication of these rules or, in the case of a coir spindle or industrial establishment which is established after such commencement, within thirty days of the date when it starts working;

Provided that the Secretary or such officer may entertain any application made after the specified date if he is satisfied that there was sufficient cause for not making the application in time.

5. Registration of new establishment.—No industrial establishment which is established after the date of publication of these rules shall be registered unless—

- (a) it is located in an area declared by the Board, by notification, to be an area where the coir industry is in a nascent state; or
- (b) it is proved to the satisfaction of the Secretary or other officer authorised by him that the plant and equipment installed in such establishment were acquired from an industrial establishment which was in existence at the commencement of these rules and which was registered.

6. Grant of certificate.—(1) On receipt of an application, the Secretary or such officer shall, after making such inquiry as he deems necessary, register the coir spindle or the industrial establishment, and issue a certificate in respect thereof

in Form III or Form IV, as the case may be. In the case of a spindle, a distinctive number shall be allotted to it in the certificate.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this sub-rule, each mechanical contrivance producing one string of coir yarn shall be reckoned as one spindle.

(2) The distinctive number allotted to a spindle in the certificate shall be marked on the spindle.

7. Period of validity.—Every registration made under these rules shall be valid for a period of three years and may, on application, be renewed for any period not exceeding three years at a time.

8. Application for renewal.—Every application for renewal of registration shall be in Form V or Form VI, as the case may be, be made within thirty days before the date of expiry of and be accompanied by the certificate of registration already granted:

Provided that the Secretary or other officer may entertain an application which is not made in time if he is satisfied that there was sufficient cause for not making the application in time.

9. Fee.—Every application for the registration or the renewal of registration of an industrial establishment shall be accompanied by a fee of Re. 1. No fee shall be charged on an application for the registration or the renewal of registration of a coir spindle.

10. Duplicate certificate.—Where a certificate of registration granted under these rules is lost or destroyed, the Secretary may, after making such inquiry as he deems necessary, issue a duplicate on payment of a fee of Re. 1.

11. Transfer of spindle, etc.—(1) Where a coir spindle or an industrial establishment or any plant or equipment installed in such establishment is transferred by way of sale, mortgage or otherwise, the transferee shall, within a period of thirty days from the date of transfer, apply to the Secretary or other officer authorised by him for registering the transfer.

(2) Every such application shall be in Form VII or Form VIII, as the case may be.

(3) The Secretary or other officer shall, after making such inquiry as he deems necessary, register the transfer and record an entry to that effect in the certificate of registration.

12. Change of place.—(1) If during the period when the registration of a coir spindle or an industrial establishment is in force, the owner thereof desires to change the place where such spindle or establishment is located, he shall apply to the Secretary or other officer authorised by him at least thirty days in advance.

(2) Every such application shall specify the new place and be accompanied by the certificate of registration already granted.

(3) The Secretary or other officer may, where he agrees to the change, enter the new place in the certificate of registration.

13. Power to call for additional information.—(1) The Secretary or other officer authorised by him may require an applicant to furnish within a specified period such additional information as he may consider necessary for the purpose of the registration; and every such applicant shall be bound to furnish such information within the specified period.

(2) The Secretary or such officer may, by order, refuse an application to register a coir spindle or an industrial establishment if the applicant fails to furnish the information or furnishes incorrect information:

Provided that a copy of the order together with the reasons for the refusal shall be communicated to the applicant.

14. Cancellation of registration.—Where the Secretary or other officer is satisfied that any person has obtained a certificate by furnishing incorrect information or that he has contravened any of the provisions of these rules or of the conditions mentioned in the certificate, the Secretary or such officer may,

without prejudice to any other action that may be taken against such person, by order, cancel the certificate:

Provided that before cancelling the certificate, the person concerned shall be given an opportunity to make his representations:

Provided further that a copy of the order together with the reasons for the cancellation shall be communicated to the person concerned.

15. **Appeal.**—Any person aggrieved by an order under rule 13 or rule 14 may, within thirty days from the date of receipt by him of a copy of the order, appeal to the Chairman, whose decision thereon shall be final.

16. **Exemption.**—Notwithstanding anything contained in the foregoing rules, the Board may, by notification, exempt coir spindles or industrial establishments located in any specified area from the operation of these rules, either permanently or for a specified period and may from time to time, by like notification, extend such period.

17. **Registration and Licensing of exports.**—No person shall, after the coming into force of this rule, export coir fibre, coir yarn or coir products unless he—

- (a) has been registered as an exporter, and
- (b) has obtained an export licence, under these rules:

Provided that this rule shall not apply to the Central Government or the Coir Board or any person authorised by the Central Government to export coir fibre, coir yarn or coir products.

18. **Registration of established exporters.**—Any person who has, in any of the three years immediately preceding the commencement of these rules, exported not less than twenty-five tons of coir yarn or coir products other than coir rope, or exported any quantity of coir fibre or coir rope, may be registered as an exporter of coir yarn, coir products other than coir rope or coir fibre or coir rope, as the case may be.

19. **Other persons who may be registered.**—Any other person may be registered as an exporter.—

- (i) of coir yarn if, during the period of twelve months immediately preceding the date of application,
 - (a) a minimum quantity of twenty-five tons of coir yarn has been rehanded or baled in a factory owned or otherwise possessed by him and registered under the Indian Factories Act, 1948, or
 - (b) he has had a total purchase turnover of one hundred tons of coir yarn;
- (ii) of coir products other than coir rope, if during the period of twelve months immediately preceding the date of application,
 - (a) a minimum quantity of twenty-five tons of coir products other than coir rope has been actually manufactured in a factory owned or otherwise possessed by him and registered under the Indian Factories Act, 1948, or
 - (b) he has had a total purchase turnover of one hundred tons of coir products other than coir rope.

Explanation.—The total purchase turnover of a person shall be certified by a chartered accountant and be supported by a statement certified by the applicant showing the individual purchase transactions during the period, the date of and the value of the goods covered by each transaction and the name and address of the seller;

- (iii) of coir fibre or coir rope if he produces,
 - (a) a certificate regarding his financial status from a scheduled bank, or a registered bank of ten years' standing, and
 - (b) a clearance certificate from the Income tax authorities or an attested copy of the income-tax verification certificate obtained from the Export-Import Department of the Central Government:

Provided that the Chairman may, by notification, exempt from the operation of this rule any cooperative society the members of which are owners of industrial establishment or any Central Co-operative Marketing Society.

20. Applications for registration.—(1) Every application for registration as an exporter shall be made in Form IX to the Chairman or other officer authorised by him and be accompanied by—

- (a) a certificate regarding financial status from a scheduled bank, or a registered bank of ten years' standing and
- (b) a clearance certificates from the Income-tax authorities or an attested copy of the income-tax verification certificate from the Export-Import Department of the Central Government and in the case of an application under rule 18, also by—
 - (i) a certificate from a recognised trade association or chamber of commerce that the applicant satisfies the requirements of rule 18; or
 - (ii) copies of bills of lading attested by steamer agents or other shipping documents attested by Customs authorities in respect of the minimum quantity of twenty-five tons referred to in rule 18.

Explanation.—In lieu of the certificate mentioned at item (b) above, the Income-tax Verification Certificate Registration/Exemption No. if any allotted by the Export-Import Department of the Central Government may be quoted in the application.

(2) The applicant shall also be bound to furnish within the period specified in this behalf such additional information in respect of the application as the Chairman or other officer authorised by him in this behalf may require.

21. Cancellation of registration.—In any person who has been registered as an exporter fails during a period of twelve consecutive months to export any quantity of the goods in respect of which he is registered or fails to comply with any of the provisions of these rules or if the Chairman is satisfied that such person has become disqualified to continue as an exporter, the Chairman may, after giving him a reasonable opportunity of making his objections, by order, cancel the registration and communicate to him a copy of such order.

22. Applications for licence.—Every application for a licence to export shall be made in Form X to the Chairman or other officer authorised by him and be accompanied by—

- (a) the shipping bill showing the particulars of the quantity, description and value of the goods sought to be exported and the name and address of the consignee,
- (b) a certificate from an officer authorised by the Chairman in this behalf or from a recognised chamber of commerce or trade association to the effect that the goods sought to be exported conform to the contract, and
- (c) a clearance certificate from the Income-tax authorities or an attested copy of the income-tax verification certificate from the Export-Import Department of the Central Government:

Provided that the certificate referred to in item (b) above shall not, except in cases where the Chairman or the Secretary has received a request in writing from the buyer concerned to arrange for inspection of quality before shipment and for the issue of such a certificate, be required till the Board has fixed standards of specification under section 10(2)(e) of the Act and has laid down rules of procedure for implementing them and the sales transactions relating to the exports covered by the shipping bill referred to in item (a) above take place on the basis of those specifications.

Explanation.—In lieu of the certificate mentioned at item (c) above, the Income Tax Verification Certificate Registration/Exemption No. if any, allotted by the Export-Import Department of Central Government may be quoted in the application.

23. Fee for licence.—In respect of every licence, fee shall be levied at the rate of 5 Naye Paise per Cwt., subject to a maximum of Rs. 100, of the goods covered by the licence:

Provided that no fee shall be leviable in respect of a licence to export genuine trade samples or ship stores.

Provided further that the Chairman may, by notification, exempt from the operation of this rule any cooperative society the members of which are owners of industrial establishments or any Central Cooperative Marketing Society.

Explanation.—(i) Fees may be remitted either by each, postal order, money order, or demand draft on the State Bank of India, Cochin, or on such other Bank as the Chairman or other Officer authorised by him may direct;

(ii) In calculating the fee for a licence under this rule, any fraction of a Cwt. shall be taken as a Cwt.

24. Grant of licence.—Every export licence shall be granted by the Chairman or other officer authorised by him in this behalf and be subject to such conditions, not inconsistent with these rules, as may be imposed by him.

25. Period of validity of licence.—A licence granted under these rules shall be valid for a period of thirty days from the date of its grant:

Provided that the Chairman or such other officer may extend the period if he is satisfied that the failure to ship the goods was for reasons beyond the control of the exporter.

26. Returns by licensees.—Every person who has been granted an export licence shall furnish in Form XI, XII, or XIII, as the case may be, a statement showing the goods exported and the date of export so as to reach the Chairman or other officer authorised by him on or before the 30th of the month following the month in which the export was made.

27. Licence not transferable.—A licence granted under these rules shall not be transferable.

28. Cancellation of licence.—The Chairman may, by order, cancel a licence granted under these rules if—

- (a) the licence has been obtained by fraud or misrepresentation;
- (b) the licensee has committed a breach of any law relating to export of coir or colr products or of any of these rules or the conditions of licence;

Provided that no licence shall be cancelled unless the licensee has been given an opportunity of making his representation:

Provided further that a copy of the order shall be communicated to the person concerned.

29. Appeal.—Any person aggrieved by an order under rule 21 or rule 28 may within thirty days of the date of receipt by him of a copy of the order, appeal to the Central Government, whose decision thereon shall be final.

30. Refund of fee.—The Chairman may allow a refund of fee levied under these rules in the following cases, namely:—

- (a) where the fee has been paid in excess of the prescribed scale;
- (b) where the fee has been paid but no application has been made;
- (c) where the applicant is exempt from payment of fee; and
- (d) where the applicant is not eligible for registration or grant of licence under these rules.

31. Power to call for returns, etc.—(1) The Board may, by general or special order, direct the holder of a certificate of registration or licence to maintain such records of his business in such form and manner as may be specified and to submit to the Board returns relating to his business in such form as may be specified in such order.

(2) The Chairman or an officer authorised by him in writing may with a view to secure compliance with these rules—

- (a) require any holder of a certificate of registration or a licence to give any information in respect of his business; and
- (b) inspect any books, accounts or other documents relating to his business.

SCHEDULE

FORM I

The Coir Industry (Registration and Licensing) Rules, 1958

(Vide Rule 4)

Form of application for the Registration of Coir Spindles

1. Name of the applicant in full.
2. Name of the applicant's father.
3. Address of the applicant in full.
4. Particulars of the building or place in which the spindles are placed for working (House No. or Sy. No., Kara or Desom, Pakuthy or Village, Taluk and District).
5. No. of spindles for which registration is applied for.
6. (a) No. of persons engaged (excluding hired labour) on date of application.
(b) No. of hired labour engaged.
7. No. of days the spindles have been working during the previous year (from 1st April to 31st March).
8. Production of yarn out of such spindles in lbs. in the previous year (from 1st April to 31st March).
9. Variety of yarn produced (e.g., Anjengo, Mangadan, Aratory, etc., with scourage).
10. Total number of spindles owned by the applicant at the time of application.
11. Whether the applicant has applied for the registration of any spindle in any other place of business, and if so, in which place and the register number of such Certificate.

Declaration

I do hereby declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief the above information is correct and complete, that I am aware of the conditions of the Certificate of Registration and that I agree to abide by them. I also declare that I have not previously applied for the registration of the spindles mentioned in this application/I applied for such a Certificate on.....but was refused registration on.....

Station.....

Date.....

Signature of the applicant.

NOTE.—A separate application should be sent in respect of each building or place in which the spindles are placed for working, whether in the same town or village or in different towns and villages.

FORM II

The Coir Industry (Registration and Licensing) Rules, 1958

(Vide Rule 4)

Form of application for the Registration of an Industrial Establishment

1. Name of the Industrial Establishment.
2. Address:
 - (a) Head Office.
 - (b) Factory.
3. Ownership—whether proprietary, partnership, private limited, or public limited.
4. Names of proprietors, partners, or Directors and their addresses.
5. Name and address of the owner of the factory in terms of Note (2) below.
6. Year of establishment.
7. Whether the establishment is registered under the Indian Factories Act, and if so, the number and year of such registration.
8. If rehanking of coir yarn is done in the establishment, state the quantity (in cwts.) of coir yarn rehanked in the previous year (1st April to 31st March).
9. If baling is done in the establishment, state the quantity (in cwts.) of coir yarn and coir fibre (separately) baled in the previous year (with No. of bales) (from 1st April to 31st March).
10. Manufacturing activities:

Whether continuous or seasonal.
No. of shifts generally worked.
No. of working days in the previous year (1st April to 31st March).
11. Name of products manufactured and capacity.

<i>Mats Matting Rugs, Other Ropes</i>
<i>carpets artic. etc. les</i>
12. Quantity (in cwts.) manufactured in the previous year (1st April to 31st March).
13. Quantity (in cwts.) if any, purchased from other establishments or persons in the previous year (1st April to 31st March).
14. Nature of plant and equipment:
 - (a) Matting looms (in different widths).
 - (b) Dobby looms.
 - (c) Jacquard Looms.
 - (d) Creel matting looms.
 - (e) Mat Looms.
 - (f) Any other types of loom.
 - (g) Dutch mat frames.
 - (h) Beaming machines.
 - (i) Shearing machines.
 - (j) Braiding machines.
 - (k) Sewing Machines.
 - (l) Spray plant.
 - (m) Screw presses.
 - (n) Rolling machines.
 - (o) Stretching machines.
 - (p) Steam plant for dyeing.
 - (q) Direct heating for dyeing.
 - (r)
15. Labour employed

Men	Women
Skilled.	
Semi-skilled.	
Un-skilled.	

Declaration

I do hereby declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief the above information is correct and complete, that I am aware of the conditions of the Certificate of Registration and that I agree to abide by them.

Station.....

Date.....

Signature of the applicant.

NOTE.—(1) A separate application should be sent in respect of each industrial establishment, whether in the same town or village, or in different towns and villages.

(2) Owner in relation to any industrial establishment means the person who or the authority which, has the ultimate control over the affairs of the undertaking, and where the said affairs are entrusted to a Manager, Managing Director or Managing Agent, such Manager, Managing Director or Managing Agent shall be deemed to be the owner of the undertaking.

FORM III**The Coir Industry (Registration and Licensing) Rules, 1958**

(Vide Rule 6)

Certificate of Registration for Coir Spindles.

1. No. and date of the Certificate of Registration.
2. (i) Full name of the person to whom the Certificate of Registration is issued.
 - (ii) His father's name.
 - (iii) His address in full.
3. Particulars of the building or place in which the spindles are worked.
4. (i) Total number of spindles registered.
 - (ii) Distinctive number of spindles registered.

Conditions of the Certificate of Registration

1. The Certificate of Registration is granted subject to the provisions of the Coir Industry (Registration and Licensing) Rules, 1958.
2. The holder of the Certificate of Registration shall display his Certificate prominently at the building or place in which the spindles are placed for working.
3. The holder of the Certificate of Registration shall not work any spindle which has not been registered and included in the Certificate.
4. The holder of the Certificate of Registration shall not work any spindle except at the building or place specified in his Certificate in this behalf.
5. The holder of the Certificate of Registration shall maintain correctly such records as may be prescribed by the Board.
6. The holder of the Certificate of Registration shall furnish correctly and completely such information as may be demanded of him and carry out such instructions as may from time to time be issued by or on behalf of the Board.
7. The holder of the Certificate of Registration shall permit any officer of the Board authorised in this behalf to inspect the place where he is working the spindles and shall produce on demand by such officer such records as prescribed by the Board.

Renewal Endorsement

Date of renewal	Date of expiry	Signature of registering authority	Remarks
1	2	3	4

Transfer Endorsement

1. Distinctive registration number of spindle transferred.
2. Name and address of the building or place in which the spindles are placed for working.
3. Date of transfer of such spindles.
4. No. of Certificate of Registration of new spindles got after the issue or renewal of the Certificate.
5. Date of addition of new spindles.
6. No. of registered spindles worked by the holder.

Signature of registering authority.

FORM IV

The Coir Industry (Registration and Licensing) Rules, 1958

(Vide Rule 6)

Certificate of Registration of Industrial Establishment

1. No. and date of the Certificate of Registration.
2. Name of the Industrial establishment.
3. Address:
 - (a) Head Office.
 - (b) Factory.
4. Name and address of the owner in relation to the Industrial Establishment in full.
5. Name of products manufactured (Mats, Mattings Rugs, Carpets, Ropes, etc.) and/or other work done, like rehanking of coir yarn or baling or coir yarn or coir fibre.
6. Nature of plant and equipment in the factory. (Here the names of plant and equipment as in Form II shall be enunciated).

Conditions of the Certificate of Registration

1. The Certificate of Registration is granted subject to the provisions of the Coir Industry (Registration and Licensing) Rules, 1958.
2. The holder of the Certificate of Registration shall display his Certificate prominently at the industrial establishment.
3. The holder of the Certificate of Registration shall maintain correctly such records as may be prescribed by the Board.
4. The holder of the Certificate of Registration shall furnish correctly and completely such information as may be demanded of him and carry out such instruction as may from time to time be issued by or on behalf of the Board.
5. The holder of the Certificate of Registration shall permit any officer of the Board authorised in this behalf to inspect the industrial establishment and shall produce on demand by such officer such records as prescribed by the Board.

Renewal Endorsement

Date of renewal	Date of expiry	Signature of registering authority	Remarks
1	2	3	4

Transfer Endorsement

1. Registration number of industrial establishment transferred.
2. If whole establishment is not transferred, particulars of plant and equipment transferred, and registration number of such establishment.
3. Date of transfer.
4. No. of certificate of Registration of new plant and equipment got after the issue or renewal of the Certificate.

Signature of registering authority.

FORM V

The Coir Industry (Registration and Licensing) Rules, 1958

(Vide Rule 8)

Form of application for renewal of a Certificate of Registration in respect of coir spindles

1. Name of applicant in full.
2. Father's name.
3. Full Address.
4. No. and date of the Certificate of Registration.
5. No. of spindles for which renewal is required.
6. Distinctive number of spindles registered.
7. Whether the Certificate of Registration is enclosed.

Station.....

Date.....

Signature of the applicant.

FORM VI

The Coir Industry (Registration and Licensing) Rules, 1958
(Vide Rule 8)*Form of application for renewal of a Certificate of Registration in respect of an Industrial Establishment*

1. Name of industrial establishment.
2. Address:
 - (a) Head Office
 - (b) Factory.
3. Name and address of the owner of the industrial establishment in terms of the Note below.
4. No. and date of the Certificate of Registration.
5. Whether the Certificate of Registration is enclosed.

Station.....

Date.....

Signature of the applicant.

NOTE.—Owner in relation to any industrial establishment means the person who, or the authority which, has the ultimate control over the affairs of the undertaking, and where the said affairs are entrusted to a Manager, Managing Director, or Managing Agent, such Manager, Managing Director or Managing Agent shall be deemed to be the owner of the undertaking.

FORM VII

The Coir Industry (Registration and Licensing) Rules, 1958
(Vide Rule 11)*Application for registration of the transfer of ownership or possession of a Coir Spindle*

1. Name of the applicant in full.
2. Father's name.
3. Full address.
4. Number and date of the Certificate of Registration.
5. Total number of spindles worked and their distinctive numbers.
6. Particulars of the building or place in which the spindles are placed for working (House No. or Sy. No., Kara or Desom, Pakuthy or Village, Taluk & District).
7. The distinctive numbers of spindles the transfer of registration of which is to be made.
8. Name, address and place of business of the holder of the Registration Certificate from whose custody such transfer of the spindles is made.
9. Reasons for such transfer.

Declaration

I do hereby declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief the above information is correct and complete and that the transfer of the above-mentioned spindles has been wilfully made by the transferor in my favour.

Station.....

Date.....

Signature of the applicant.

FORM VIII

The Coir Industry (Registration and Licensing) Rules, 1958
(Vide Rule 11)*Application for registration of the transfer of ownership or possession of an industrial establishment, or plant and equipment installed in such establishment*

1. Name of applicant in full.
2. Full address.
3. No. and date of the Certificate of Registration.
4. Name of industrial establishment and its address in full
 - (a) Head Office.
 - (b) Factory.
5. Whether whole establishment is transferred, if not, Particulars of plant and equipment transferred for which registration is required.
6. Ownership—Whether proprietary, partnership, private limited or public limited.
7. Names of proprietors, partners, or Directors and their addresses.
8. Name of owner of establishment in terms of the Note below.
9. Reasons for such transfer.

Declaration

I do hereby declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief the above information is correct and complete and that the transfer of the above-mentioned industrial establishment/Plant and equipment has/have been wilfully made by the transferor in my favour.

Station.....

Date.....

Signature of the applicant.

NOTE.—Owner in relation to any industrial establishment means the person who, or the authority which, has the ultimate control over the affairs of the undertaking, and where the said affairs are entrusted to a Manager, Managing Director, or Managing Agent, such Manager, Managing Director, or Managing Agent shall be deemed to be the owner of the undertaking.

FORM IX

The Coir Industry (Registration and Licensing) Rules, 1958
(Vide Rule 20)*Form of application for Registration as an exporter of coir fibre, coir yarn or coir products*

1. Full Name and address of the applicant.
2. Full particulars of the applicant.
 - (a) Year of establishment.
 - (b) Whether a Public Co., a Private Co., partnership or an individual firm, or a co-operative society.
 - (c) Names of proprietors, partners or Directors and their addresses.
 - (d) Name of owner of factory in terms of note (1) below.
3. Name of commodity which the applicant wishes to export (coir fibre, coir yarn, coir products excluding rope, or coir rope).
4. Whether the applicant is an established exporter or a new-comer.

5. If the applicant is an established exporter, the quantity (in tons) of the particular commodity mentioned in item 3 which he has exported during the three years immediately preceding the commencement of the Coir Industry (Registration and Licensing) Rules, 1958, and the nature of evidence produced in support.

6. If the applicant is a new-comer, state (a) the No. and year of registration under the Indian Factories Act, of the factory owned by him and the quantity of Coir rehanked or baled, or coir products other than coir rope manufactured in the preceding 12 months;

OR

(b) the total purchases of coir yarn or coir products other than Coir rope he has made in each year during the preceding 12 months.

7. Whether the applicant has produced—

(a) Certificate from a Scheduled Bank (indicate name and address of Bank).

(b) Income-tax clearance certificate or attested copy of Income-tax verification certificate (indicate No., date and year to which it relates) or the applicant may quote here his Income Tax Verification Certificate Registration/Exemption No. allotted by the Export Import Department of the Central Government.

8. Whether the applicant is a member of any Chamber of Commerce or Trade Association? If so, particulars should be given.

Declaration

I do hereby declare that what has been stated above is correct and complete, that I am aware of the conditions relating to the registration of an exporter and that I agree to abide by them. I also declare that I have not previously applied for registration/I applied for registration on....., but was refused registration.

Station.....

Date.....

Signature of the applicant.

NOTE.—(1) Owner in relation to any industrial establishment means the person who or, the authority which has the ultimate control over the affairs of the undertaking and where the said affairs are entrusted to a Manager, Managing Director, or Managing Agent such Manager, Managing Director or Managing Agent shall be deemed to be the owner of the undertaking.

(2) If the application is incomplete or defective in any respect, it is liable to be rejected summarily.

(3) Separate applications should be made in respect of registration as an exporter of (a) coir fibre, (b) coir yarn, (c) coir products excluding coir rope, and (d) coir rope, as the case may be.

(4) Proof of export may be furnished either in the form of a Certificate from a recognised Chamber of Commerce or Trade Association, or copies of bills of lading attested by steamer agents or other shipping documents attested by Customs Authorities.

(5) Proof of purchase turnover should be furnished in the form of a certificate from a Chartered Accountant.

FORM X

The Coir Industry (Registration and Licensing) Rules, 1958
(Vide Rule 22)

Form of application for the grant of export licence

1. Full name and address of the applicant.
2. Full particulars of the applicant—
 - (a) Year of establishment.
 - (b) Whether a Public Co., a Private Co., a partnership or an individual firm, or a cooperative society.
 - (c) Names of proprietors, partners or Directors and their addresses.
 - (d) Name of owner of factory in terms of note (1) below.
3. Register number given to the applicant by the Board.
4. Description of the articles desired to be exported, with quantity in tons and value.
5. Whether the following documents are attached:—
 - (a) Shipping bill.
 - (b) Certificate from authorised officer or Chamber or Association that the goods sought to be exported conform to the contract.
 - (c) Income-tax clearance certificate or attested copy of Income-tax verification certificate (indicate No., date and year to which it relates) or the applicant may quote here his Income Tax Verification Certificate Registration/Exemption No. allotted by the Export-Import Department of the Central Government.
6. Amount of licence fees paid.

Declaration

I do hereby declare that what has been stated above is correct and complete, that I am aware of the conditions relating to licensing of exports and that I agree to abide by them.

Station.....

Date.....

Signature of the applicant.

NOTE.—(1) Owner in relation to any industrial establishment means the person who or, the authority which, has the ultimate control over the affairs of the undertaking, and where the said affairs are entrusted to a Manager, Managing Director or Managing Agent, such Manager, Managing Director or Managing Agent shall be deemed to be the owner of the undertaking.

(2) If the application is incomplete or defective in any respect, it is liable to be rejected summarily.

(3) The export licence granted shall be valid for a period of 30 days from the date of grant and extension of the period may be granted for sufficient reasons.

FORM XI

The Coir Industry (Registration and Licensing) Rules, 1958

(Vide Rule 26)

Statement of particulars of Coir Fibre exported from India by licensee (Reg. No.) in the month of 19—.

Port of export (1)	Date of export (2)	Name of vessel (3)	Port to which exported (4)	Quality or grade (5)	Quantity (cwt.) (6)	F.O.B. Value (Rs.) (7)

Declaration

I/We hereby declare that to the best of my/ our knowledge and belief the above statement is true in all respects.

Place :

Signature of licensee.

Date :

FORM XII

The Coir Industry (Registration and Licensing) Rules, 1958
(Vide Rule 26)

Statement of particulars of Coir Yarn exported from India by licensee (Reg. No.) in the month of 19 .

Port of export (1)	Date of export (2)	Name of vessel (3)]	Port to which exported (4)	Quality or grade * (5)	Quantity (cwt.) (6)	F.O.B. Value (Rs.) (7)

Declaration]

I/We hereby declare that to the best of my/our knowledge and belief the above statement is true in all respects.

Place :

Signature of licensee.

Date :

*In filling column 5, care should be taken to specify the actual quality or description of yarn such as Alapad, Anjengo, Aratory, Ashtamudy, Mangadan, Vaikom, Beach, Rope yarn, Edavaunnam, Parur, Muppuri, Beypore, Quilandy, Fine Unsoaked, M.K. and SMK.

FORM XIII

The Coir Industry (Registration and Licensing) Rules, 1958.

(Vide Rule 26)

Statement of particulars of Coir Products exported from India by licensee (Reg. No.) in the month of

19

Port of export (1)	Date of export (2)	Vessel in which exported (3)	Port to which exported (4)	Description of Coir products* (5)	Quality ** (6)	Total quantity exported (in cwts).		F.O.B. value (9)
						Manufactured in licensed factory (7)	Purchased from other sources (8)	

Declaration

I/We hereby declare that to the best of my/our knowledge and belief the above statement is true in all respects.

Place

Signature of licensee.

Date :

*Under col. 5, "Description of coir products" specify whether mat, matting, rug, mourzoucks, bag, net, rope, tent component, etc.

**Under col. 6 "Quality" against mat, state whether brush, fibre, chain, or creel, or any other ; likewise against mattings, rugs and mourzoucks and other woven coir products, this should be described as plain, fancy, woven or stencilled. Against rope specify the circumference.

[No. 42-SSI(B)(55)/54.]

M. S. SADASIVAN. Under Secy.

(Department of Company Law Administration)

New Delhi, the 14th February 1958

THE COMPANIES (CENTRAL GOVERNMENT'S) GENERAL RULES AND FORMS, 1958

G.S.R. 48.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (b) of sub-section (1) of section 642 of the Companies Act, 1956 (I of 1956) and all other powers hereto enabling, the Central Government hereby makes the following amendment in the Companies (Central Government's) General Rules & Forms, 1958, namely:—

In the said Rules, after rule 14, the following rule should be inserted, namely:—

"14A. Section 549(1).—Any creditor or contributory of a company may apply to the liquidator, for inspection, during office hours, of the books and papers of the company in respect of which an order is made for winding up by or subject to the supervision of the Court and which are in his custody, and the liquidator may, by order, permit inspection of such books and papers in his possession as he thinks just.

Provided that where the winding up is for the purpose of reconstruction or amalgamation of the company, inspection of the books and papers of the company shall be subject to orders of the Court to be made on application for the purpose on notice to the liquidator.

Provided further that where a proceeding is pending in the winding up between a contributory or creditor, or a person claiming to be a contributory or a creditor and the liquidator, inspection of the books and papers of the company shall be subject to the orders of the Court in the proceeding as to discovery and inspection.

(2) Every application to the liquidator for permission under sub-rule (1) shall specify:—

- (a) the name and address of the applicant;
- (b) description and particulars of the books and papers of which inspection is required;
- (c) the reasons for requiring the inspection of the books and papers referred to in clause (b); and
- (d) the name of the company in respect of which such inspection is required and, if possible, the date of its winding up order.

(3) Every such application shall be in writing and signed by the applicant in such form, if any, as may be specified by the Central Government, specifying the capacity in which such application is made and giving the particulars of the share holding or debt, and shall be supported by such evidence as may be required by the liquidator concerned.

(4) Where the liquidator refuses to grant inspection of the books and papers or any portion thereof, the applicant may apply to the Court and shall give notice of the application to the liquidator; and the Court may pass such orders on the application as it thinks fit, and the inspection, if granted, shall be in accordance with such orders."

[No. F.5/16/55-PR]

J. L. KUNDU, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE

(Department of Food)

New Delhi, the 14th February 1958

G.S.R. 49/Ess.Com./Sugar.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 7 of the Sugar (Control) Order, 1955, and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Food and Agriculture No. S.R.O. 1215 dated the 10th April, 1954, the Central Government hereby directs that no producer who produces sugar by vacuum pan process shall sell or agree to sell or enter into an agreement for sale and/or delivery at some future date or otherwise dispose of such sugar or remove any such sugar from the bonded godowns of the factory in which the sugar is produced, except under and in accordance with a permit issued in writing by the Central Government or any other officer authorised by it in this behalf.

[No. 3-4/57-SV.]

(Department of Food)

ORDER

New Delhi, the 14th February 1958

G.S.R. 50/Ess.Com./Sugar.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (10 of 1955), the Central Government hereby makes the following amendment in the Sugar (Control) Order, 1955, namely:—

Amendment

In clause 7 of the said order, after the words "maintenance of stocks," the word "storage," shall be inserted.

[No. 3-4/57-SV.]

S. D. UDHRRAIN, Under Secy.

(Department of Food)

ORDER

New Delhi, the 15th February, 1958

G.S.R. 51.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (10 of 1955), the Central Government hereby directs that the powers conferred on it by section 3 of the said Act to make orders providing for the matter specified in clause (e) of sub-section (2) of the said section 3, shall, in relation to foodstuffs, be exercisable also by the Government of the State of Madras, subject to the condition that before making any such order the said State Government shall obtain the prior concurrence of the Central Government.

[No. 203(37)/58-PY.II.]

S. N. BHALLA, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT & COMMUNICATIONS

(Department of Food)

(Transport Wing)

New Delhi, the 6th February 1958

CORRIGENDUM

G. S. R. 52.—In the Indian Merchant Shipping (Construction and Survey of Passenger Steamers) Rules 1956, published with the notification of the Govt. of India in the late Ministry of Transport No. S.R.O. 330, dated the 12th January 1957 at pages 233 to 297 of Part II—Section 3 of the Gazette of India Extraordinary, dated the 25th January 1957,—

(1) in rule 2, for "surveyors his or their satisfaction" read "surveyors to his or their satisfaction";

(2) in rule 9 (ii) (a), for "the arrangements material, scantlings" read "the arrangements material, scantlings" ;

(3) in rule 19, for "store rooms" occurring in the definition of 'Service Space' read "store rooms" ;

(4) in rule 20(ii), for "port of call in the country" read "port of call in the country" ;

(5) in the heading of rule 24, for "Peak machinery space" read "Peak and machinery space" ;

(6) in rule 25(1) (b), for "in length from the collision" read "in length : from the collision" ;

(7) in rule 25(1) (c), for "upwards from the collision" read "upwards : from the collision" ;

(8) in rule 25(2), for "cutting it a point one-half" read "cutting it at a point one-half" ;

(9) in rule 25(3), for "such purpose and shall not" read "such purpose, and shall not" ;

(10) in rule 25(6) for "5" read ".5" ;

(11) in rule 26(3) (a), for "safety of the ship" read "safety of the ship." ;

(12) in rule 28(7) (a) (ii), for "thereby impaired;" read "thereby impaired." ;

(13) in rule 30(3) (b) (ii), for "exceed 30" read "exceeds 30" ;

(14) in rule 30(4), for "between deck below" read "between decks below" ;

(15) in rule 31, for "Classes I to VII" read "Classes I to VI" ;

(16) in rule 35, for "a deck above the bulkhead shall" read "a deck above the bulkhead deck shall" ;

(17) in rule 36(2) (b), for "every case be painted cut" read "every case be painted and cut" ;

(18) in rule 41 (2), for "priming are provided," read "priming are provided." ;

(19) in rule 41 (2), for "peak compartments" read "peak compartments" ;

(20) in rule 41(3), for "in such as ship" read "in such a ship" ;

(21) in rule 41(5), for "from atleast one of the aforesaid pumps" read "from at least one of the aforesaid pumps" ;

(22) in rule 43 (1), for

$$d_m = \sqrt{\frac{L(B+D)}{2,500}} + I$$

$$d_b = \sqrt{\frac{I(B+D)}{1,500}} + I'$$

read

$$d_m = \sqrt{\frac{L(B+D)}{2,500}} + I$$

$$d_b = \sqrt{\frac{L(B+D)}{1,500}} + I' ;$$

(23) in rule 43(1), for d_m — Internal diameter main bilge

d_b —

L —

B —

D —

L —

read

" d_m — Internal diameter of the main bilge

d_b —

L —

B —

D —

L —

I —" ;

(24) in rule 43(2), for "inclusive shall be less than $2\frac{1}{2}$ " read "inclusive, shall be less than $2\frac{1}{2}$ " ;

(25) in rule 51(4) (a), for "mainlighting" read "main lighting" ;

(26) in rule 52(2), for "ful provided" read "fuel provided" ;

(27) in rule 53 (1), for "epxanded" read "expanded" ;

(28) in rule 54(4), for "outlets boxes" read "outlet boxes" ;

(29) in rule 57(2), for "by person" read "by reason" ;

(30) in rule 59 (1), for "insultating" read "insulating" ;
 (31) in rule 59(1), for "exposed to standard" read "exposed to a standard" ;
 (32) in rule 60(2), for "133 feet" read "131 feet" ;
 (33) in rule 72 (1) (c), for "bulkheads" read "bulkhead" ;
 (34) in rule 72(2) (a), for "services spaces" read "service spaces" ;
 (35) in rule 72 (2) (b), for "in closing" read "enclosing" ;
 (36) in rule 75 (1) (a), for "ship carrying not more than 100" read "ships carrying not more than 100" ;
 (37) in rule 86 (4), for "that hammer action" read "that water hammer action" ;
 (38) in rule 87(7), for "air receiver of air bottle" read "air receiver or air bottle" ;
 (39) in rule 87(9), for "from ny source" read "from any source" ;
 (40) in rule 90(1), for "propelled" read "propelled" ;
 (41) in paragraph 3(a) (i) of Part II of the FIRST SCHEDULE, for "80+12.5" (a-c) V
 where" read "80+12.5" (a-c) V where" ;
 (42) in paragraph 3 (b) (i) (a) of Part II of the FIRST SCHEDULE, for "63+35 a where" V
 read "63+35 a where" ;
 (43) in paragraph 3 (b) (i) (b) of Part II of the FIRST SCHEDULE, for "a Surveyor has received" read "a surveyor of Ships has received" ;
 (44) in paragraph 4(1) of Part II of the FIRST SCHEDULE, for "exceeding 4" read "exceeding 4" ;
 (45) in paragraph 4(2) of Part II of the FIRST SCHEDULE for "following" read "following" ;
 (46) in paragraph 4 (4) of Part II of the FIRST SCHEDULE, for "L⁰ or 50" 7000
read
" L₀ or 50";
7000
 (47) in paragraph 4 (5) of Part II of the FIRST SCHEDULE for "F of" read "For" ;
 (48) in paragraph 4 (5) of Part II of the FIRST SCHEDULE, against factor A, for "190" 190
 " L—138" read " L—198" ;
 (49) in paragraph 5 of Part II of the FIRST SCHEDULE, for "Pi" and "Cs" read " and "Cs" ;
 (50) in paragraph 8(b) of Part III of the FIRST SCHEDULE, for "tanks, forming part of structure of the ship and doubled" read "tanks forming part of structure of the ship and double" ;
 (51) in paragraph 9(2) (a) of Part III of the FIRST SCHEDULE, for "length f which" read "length of which" ;
 (52) in paragraph 11(b) of Part IV of the FIRST SCHEDULE, for "M+3/2 Pi" "Cs=72 V+Pi-P", "tunkers";
 "Cs=72 M+ 3/2 Pi" and "Pi=P+7A-4LN" read "Cs=72 V+Pi-P", "bunkers"
 and "P₁=P+7A-4LN" respectively ;
 (53) in paragraph 15 of Part V of the FIRST SCHEDULE, under "Length of ship in fee and "Factor of sub-division" for "over 300"

Bach

Read

"Over 350 5
Over 300 but not over 350 5 for compartments in the machinery
space and forward thereof. Unity
for all other compartments.";

(54) in paragraph 7 of Part II of the THIRD SCHEDULE, for "set forth in this Part I of this schedule" read "set forth in this Part, Part I of this Schedule";

(55) in paragraph 8(1)(c) of Part II of the THIRD SCHEDULE, for "in manner determined" read "in a manner determined";

(56) in Part IV of the THIRD SCHEDULE, under TABLE 1 for "(paragraphs 2, 5 and 8 of this Schedule)" read "(paragraphs 2, 5 and 8 of this Schedule)";

(57) in Part IV of the THIRD SCHEDULE, after TABLE 1, for "TABLE" read "TABLE 2";

(58) in Table 2 of Part IV of the THIRD SCHEDULE, in column 8 against 22 and in column 2 against 23 for "3 $\frac{1}{2}$ " read "3 $\frac{1}{2}$ ";

(59) in Table 2 of Part IV of the THIRD SCHEDULE, in column 14 against 20 for "12 \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times $\frac{50}{88}$ " read "12 \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times $\frac{50}{88}$ ", in column 16 against 21 for "12 \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times 3 \times $\frac{60}{48}$ " read "12 \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times $\frac{60}{48}$ ", in column 14 against 22 for "12 \times 4 $\frac{5}{40}$ " read "12 \times 4 \times 4 \times $\frac{60}{40}$ ", in column 28 against 16 for "12 \times 3 \times 3 \times $\frac{50}{88}$ " read "12 \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times $\frac{50}{88}$ ", in column 28 against 17 for "12 \times 3 \times 3 \times $\frac{50}{88}$ " read "12 \times 3 \times 3 \times $\frac{50}{88}$ ", in column 34 against 16 for "12 \times 3 \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times $\frac{60}{44}$ " read "12 \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times $\frac{60}{44}$ ";

(60) in Table 3 of Part IV of the THIRD SCHEDULE in column 14 against 19, for "62" read "52", in column 20 against 15 for "12 + 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ " read "12 \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ " and in column 34 against 12 for "11 \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times 55 $\frac{3}{8}$ " read "11 \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times 55";

(61) in TABLE 4 of PART IV of the THIRD SCHEDULE, for "Channels 12 \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ " read "Channels 12 \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ ";

(62) in TABLE 5A of PART IV of the THIRD SCHEDULE, in column 18 against 8 for "23" read "24", in columns 16 and 18 against 9 for "53" and "3 \times 44" read "54" and "34" respectively, in column 8 against 11 for "34" read "32" and in column 12 against 16 for "3" read "3 $\frac{1}{2}$ ";

(63) in TABLE 5A of Part IV of the THIRD SCHEDULE, in column 2 against 14 for "33" read "36" and in column 10 against 19 for "12 \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times $\frac{50}{88}$ " read "12 \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times $\frac{50}{88}$ ";

(64) in TABLE 5B of part IV of the THIRD SCHEDULE, in column 10 against 7 for "3" read "32", in column 10 against 9 for "3" read "3 $\frac{1}{2}$ ", in column 14 against 12 for "3" read "3 $\frac{1}{2}$ ", in column 16 against 13 for "9 \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times 40" read "10 \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times 40", in columns 4 and 6 against 15 for "8 \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times 4" and "4 \times 9 \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times 38" read "8 \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times 44" and "9 \times 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times 38" respectively and in column 10 against 16 for "11 \times 3 \times 43" read "11 \times 3 \times 43";

(65) in TABLE 5A of Part IV of the THIRD SCHEDULE, against 8 for "28 \times 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times 20" read "2 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times 20", against 20 for "4 \times 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times 25" read "4 \times 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times 26", against 24 for "4 \times 3 \times 32", "5 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times 3 \times 32", "6 \times 3 \times 32" and "6 \times 3 \times 484" read "4 $\frac{1}{2}$ \times 3 \times 32", "5 \times 3 \times 32", "6 \times 3 \times 34" and "6 \times 3 \times 40" respectively, against 28 in column relating to 4 feet 6 inches for "6 \times 3 \times 32" read "5 \times 3 \times 38" and in foot note (4) for "6 \times 1934" read "6 \times 1924";

(66) in paragraph 6(4) of the FOURTH SCHEDULE, for "fitter" read "filter".

[No. 43-MA(2)/54]

J. V. DASS, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF WORKS, HOUSING AND SUPPLY

New Delhi, the 15th February 1958

G.S.R. 53.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 5 and 7 of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (4 of 1884), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Explosives Rules, 1940, the same having been previously published as required by section 18 of the said Act, namely:—

In the said Rules:—

In the second proviso to sub-rule (1) of Rule 91, after the words "a Sub-Divisional Magistrate" the words "or an Executive First Class Magistrate" shall be inserted.

[No. S. & P. II-Exp. 2(5)/571]

New Delhi, the 10th February 1958

G.S.R. 54.—The following draft of further amendments to the Explosives Rules, 1940, which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, (4 of 1884), is published as required by section 18 of the said Act, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 17th March, 1958.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Government.

Draft Amendment

In Schedule V to the said Rules,

1. in clause (b) of note (1) to Form C, the words '1st column of' shall be omitted;
2. for the table of distances [referred to in clause (b) of Note (1) to Form 'C'] the following table of distances shall be substituted, namely:—

Table showing Distances—See Clause (b) of Note (1) to Form 'C'—Distances are shown in Feet and Metres

A	B	C						
Distances between Magazine and Room or workshop used in connection with the magazine ; any other explosive magazine or store for explosives with the consent in writing of the occupier; Magazine Office.	Distances between magazine and magazine Keeper's or chowkidar's dwelling house, railway including mineral and private railway, canal (in active use) or other navigable water, dock, Pier, or Jetty ; market place, public recreation and sports ground or other place where the public are accustomed to assemble; public highways ; private road which is a principal means of access to a temple, mosque, church, gurdwara, factory ; river, wall, other places of worship, hospital, college, school or factory ; river wall, sea wall, reservoir or bunded tank.	Distances between magazine and dwelling house, retail shop ; Govt. & Public buildings, temple, mosque, church, gurdwara, or other places of workshop, college, school, hospital, theatre, cinema or other buildings where the public are accustomed to assemble; factory; building or works used for the storage in bulk of petroleum spirit, gas or other inflammable or hazardous substances ; buildings or works used for the storage and manufacture of explosives; or of articles which contain explosives; Aerodrome; furnace, kiln or chimney; quarry or mine pit heads ; power house ; wireless station, warehouse or other building.						
Quantity of explosives in lbs. & kilograms Manufactured fireworks (mounded or Unmounded)	High Gunpowder or Explosives Mounded Unmounded	High Gunpowder or Explosives Manufactured fireworks or High Explosives						
I	2	3	4	5	6	7		

lbs.	Kgs.	Ft.	M.	lbs.	Kgs.										
400	181	30	9	44	13	66	20	59	18	80	24	118	36	159	48

600	272	30	9	51	16	76	23	67	20	104	32	134	41	208	63	600	272
800	363	35	11	56	17	84	26	74	23	126	38	148	45	252	77	800	363
1,000	454	40	12	60	18	90	27	80	24	146	45	160	49	292	89	1,000	454
2,000	907	46	14	76	23	113	34	101	31	230	70	202	62	459	140	2,000	907
3,000	1,361	50	15	87	27	130	40	115	35	296	90	230	70	592	180	3,000	1,361
4,000	1,814	54	16	95	29	143	44	127	39	352	107	254	77	704	215	4,000	1,814
5,000	2,268	57	17	103	31	154	47	137	42	400	122	274	84	800	244	5,000	2,268
6,000	2,722	60	18	109	33	164	50	145	44	441	134	290	88	882	269	6,000	2,722
8,000	3,629	64	20	120	37	180	55	160	49	509	155	320	98	1,018	310	8,000	3,629
10,000	4,536	69	21	129	39	194	59	172	52	565	172	342	104	1,129	344	10,000	4,536
15,000	6,804	79	24	148	45			197	60	668	204	394	120	1,335	407	15,000	6,804
20,000	9,072	88	27	163	50			217	66	745	227	434	132	1,490	454	20,000	9,072
30,000	13,608	103	31	186	57			249	76	863	263	498	152	1,725	526	30,000	1,308
40,000	18,144	118	36	205	62			274	84	953	290	548	167	1,906	581	40,000	18,144
50,000	22,680	129	39	221	67			295	90	1,030	314	590	180	2,060	628	50,000	22,680
60,000	27,216	139	42	235	72			313	95	1,095	334	626	191	2,190	668	60,000	27,216
80,000	36,287	159	48	259	79			345	105	1,205	367	690	210	2,410	735	80,000	36,287
100,000	45,359	174	53	279	85			371	113	1,300	396	742	226	2,600	792	100,000	45,359
150,000	68,039	208	63	319	97			425	130	1,488	454	850	259	2,975	907	150,000	68,039
200,000	90,718	236	72	351	107			468	143	1,638	499	936	285	3,275	998	200,000	90,718
250,000	1,13,398	260	79	378	115			504	154	1,765	538	1,008	307	3,530	1,076	250,000	1,13,398
300,000	1,36,078	283	86	402	123			536	163	1,875	572	1,072	327	3,750	1,143	300,000	1,36,078

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
350,000	1,58,757	304	93	423	129	564	172	1,975
400,000	1,81,437	322	98	442	135	589	180	2,065

NOTE.— (a) This table furnishes the basis on which applications for licences will be considered, but is susceptible to modification under special circumstances at the discretion of the Chief Inspector.

(b) Detonators may be kept in an annexe near to or adjoining a magazine under the following conditions :—

- (1) The amount of explosives contained in the detonator must not exceed 100 lbs. reckoned in the proportion of not less than 2 1/4 lbs. of explosive per 1,000 detonators (This proportion represents roughly about 44,000 detonators of "Sextuple" strength, with detonators of greater strength the number would be of course less).
- (2) The detonator annexe must be so constructed that not less than two feet of masonry and three feet of air-space shall intervene between any detonators in such annexe and the interior of the main magazine.
- (c) The distances given in columns 5 & 7 for quantities not greater than 8,000 lbs. may be reduced by 20% if the building is effectively traversed.

*Distances in column A(2) may be observed between a magazine and magazine office when there is no mound between them.
The weights in Kilograms & distances in metres are given in round figures.

3. for Form 'D', the following Form shall be substituted, namely:—

FORM D

[See Rule 86 (2)]

Distance to be kept clear in and round Magazine or Factory premises

Distance in and round the Magazine or Factory premises proposed to be licensed at
Province, District Village

To be kept clear* from the undermentioned buildings and works:—

Buildings and Works	Distances to be kept clear, not less than		Reply	Remarks	
	Mounded	Un-mounded			
	I	2 (a)	2 (b)	3	4
		Ft. Metres	Ft. Metres		
1. Room or workshop used in connection with the magazine					
2. Any other explosive magazine or store for explosives with the consent in writing of the occupier					
3. Magazine office					
4. Magazine Keeper's or chowkidar's dwelling house					
5. Railway including mineral and Private railway					
6. Canal (in active use) or other navigable water					
7. Dock					
8. Pier or jetty					
9. Market Place, public recreation and sports ground or other place where the public are accustomed to assemble					
10. Public highway					
11. Private road which is a principal means of access to a temple, mosque, church, gurdwara or other places of worship, hospital, college, school or factory					
12. River wall or sea wall					
13. Reservoir or bunded tank					
14. Dwelling House					
15. Retail shop					
16. Government and public buildings					
17. Temple, mosque, gurdwara, church or other place of worship					
18. College, school, hospital, theatre, cinema or other buildings where the public are accustomed to assemble					
19. Factory					
20. Building or works used for the storage in bulk of petroleum spirit, gas or other inflammable or hazardous substances					
21. Buildings or works used for the storage and manufacture of explosives or of articles which contain explosives					
22. Aerodrome					
23. Furnace, kiln or chimney					
24. Quarry or mine pit head					

Buildings and Works	Distances to be kept clear, not less than		Reply	Remarks	
	Mounded	Un-mounded			
	1	2 (a)	2 (b)	3	4
Ft. Metres Ft. Metres					
25. Power House					
26. Wireless Station					
27. Warehouse or other building					

NOTE.—The applicant for the licence should state in the third column whether he is able to observe the distances assigned in the second column, or not. In any case where he is unable to observe the full distance assigned, he should state what distance he can observe, and in the column of "Remarks" should set forth the grounds, if any upon which he relies as justifying such reduction of distance.

Certified that I have personally checked the replies given above and that they are a true statement of the surroundings of the premises.

Date

Signature of Applicant.

Postal Address of Applicant.

*The distances will be required to be kept clear not merely on the first establishment of the premises, but during the continuance of the licence.

4. for Form 'E', the following Form shall be substituted, namely:—

FORM E

[See Rule 86 (3)]

Attached to Licence No. in Form

Distances to be kept clear in and round the Magazine or Factory premises

Distances to be maintained in and round the magazine or Factory and other buildings and works :—

From every	Not less than	
	Ft.	Metres
1. Room or workshop used in connection with the magazine		
2. Any other explosive magazine or store for explosives with the consent in writing of the occupier		
3. Magazine office		
4. Magazine Keeper's or chowkidar's dwelling house		
5. Railway including mineral and Private railway		
6. Canal (in active use) or other navigable water		
7. Dock		
8. Pier or jetty		
9. Market place, public recreation and sports ground or other place where the public are accustomed to assemble		
10. Public highway		

Not less than

From every

Ft. Metres

11. Private road which is a principal means of access to a temple, mosque, church, gurdwara or other places of worship, hospital, college, school or factory		
12. River wall or sea wall		
13. Reservoir or bunded tank		
14. Dwelling House		
15. Retail shop		
16. Government and public buildings		
17. Temple, mosque, gurdwara, church or other place of worship		
18. College, school, hospital, theatre, cinema or other buildings where the public are accustomed to assemble		
19. Factory		
20. Building or works used for the storage in bulk of petroleum spirit, gas or other inflammable or hazardous substances		
21. Buildings or works used for the storage and manufacture of explosives or of articles which contain explosives		
22. Aerodrome		
23. Furnace, kiln or chimney		
24. Quarry or mine pit head		
25. Power House		
26. Wireless Station		
27. Warehouse or other building		

*The distances will be required to be kept clear not merely on the first establishment of the premises, but during the continuance of the licence.

[No. S. & P. II-3(1)-Exp./68.]

M. N. KALE, Under Secy.

